EMPLOYEE WELLNESS & WARNING SIGNS: WHEN IS SUPERVISORY INTERVENTION NEEDED?

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THE PSYCHOLOGICAL SERVICES DIVISION

- Purpose
- Staff (8 Full-Time Psychologists; Largest in Texas)
- •Stats: 7,200 appts/yr; 450-550/month
- № What We Do?
- •Who Can Come?

COPING WITH TRAUMA EXPOSURE

- Dramatic effect on your mind, emotions,
 behavior, and thinking
- •Ill. of Sharpstown Shooting (PlazAmericas)
- Wrong-way driver off I-59 & Kirby Dr.
- Witnessing burning of stolen pickup truck



4. THE WORK ITSELF TWO CATEGORIES OF STRESS IN LAW ENFORCEMENT

Acute Stress

Cumulative Stress

WARNING SIGNS OF EMOTIONAL/BEHAVIORAL DISTRESS

Early warning signs Mild signs Extended signs Severe signs Boredom Memory problems •Relationship problems •Relationship changes •Increased illness •Increased alcohol/drug use Fatigue Health changes Performance changes Anxiety Personality changes •Withdrawn/isolated Depression Poor concentration

SYMPTOM CHECKLIST:

PHYSICAL	COGNITIVE	EMOTIONAL	BEHAVIORAL	SPIRITUAL
Chest pain*	Blaming someone	Abandonment	Alcohol consumption	Acceptance or rejection
Chills	Confusion	Agitation	Antisocial acts*	of providence
Diarrhea	Difficulty identifying	Anger	Avoiding thoughts,	Alienation
Difficulty breathing*	familiar objects or	Anxiety	feelings or situations	Anger directed to God
Disorientation	people	Apprehension	related to the event	Awareness of the holy
Dizziness	Disturbed thinking	Denial	Changes in activity	Changes in religious
Elevated blood pressure*	Flashbacks	Depression	Changes in sexual	observances
Equilibrium problems	Heightened or lowered	Emotional shock	functioning	Confusion regarding God
Fainting*	alertness	Excessive worry	Changes in speech	Deepened spiritual
Fatigue	Hypervigilance	Fear	patterns	awareness
Grinding of teeth	Impaired thinking	Feeling helpless about	Changes in usual	Emphasis on religious rites
Headaches	Increased or decreased	life	communications	Hyper-repentance
Insomnia	awareness of	Feeling hopeless	Emotional outbursts	Imposed gratefulness
Lower back pains	surroundings	Feeling overwhelmed	Erratic movements	Increased emphasis on
Muscle tremors	Intrusive images	Flat affect—numbness	Hyper-alert to	religion
Nausea	Loss of time, place, or	Grief	environment	Isolation
Neck and shoulder pains	person orientation	Guilt	Inability to relax	Renewed search for
Nightmares	Memory problems	Inappropriate emotional	Inability to rest	meaning
Profuse sweating	Nightmares	response or lack of it	Loss or increase in	Sense of abandonment
Rapid heart rate*	Overly critical of others	Intense anger	appetite	Sense of betrayal
Shock symptoms*	Overly sensitive	Irritability	Nonspecific bodily	Sense of communion
Stomach problems	Poor abstract thinking	Loss of emotional	complaints	Sense of
Thirst	Poor attention	control	Pacing	meaninglessness
Twitches	Poor concentration	Phobias	Silence	Sense of vocation in
Uncoordinated feeling	Poor decisions	Rage	Startle reflex intensified	creation and
Visual difficulties	Poor problem solving	Resentment	Suspiciousness	providence
Vomiting		Sever panic* (rare)	Withdrawal	
Weakness		Uncertainty		
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OPERATIONAL STRESS ASSESSMENT:

Operational Stress First Aid (OSFA) is a flexible, multi-step process for the timely assessment and preclinical care of psychological stress injuries in individuals or teams with the goals to preserve life, prevent further harm, and promote recovery. Unlike other acute stress management procedures, OSFA was designed specifically to augment the physical, psychological, social, and spiritual support structures that exist during critical incidents, and to help restore these support structures over time. In terms of the Stress Continuum, the goal of OSFA is simply to move towards green to restore health and readiness after an Orange Zone stress injury. As depicted in the figure below, OSFA is a toolkit designed to fill the care gap between the resilience-building and stress mitigation tactics available to leaders and individual team and family members who are at the left end of the Stress Continuum, and the clinical treatments that can be provided by healthcare professionals, which are on the right.

OPERATIONAL STRESS ASSESSMENT:

		100	
READY	REACTING	INJURED	ILL
(Green)	(Yellow)	(Orange)	(Red)
DEFINITION	DEFINITION	DEFINITION	DEFINITION
Optimal functioning Adaptive growth Wellness FEATURES At one's best Well trained and prepared In control Physically, mentally, and spiritually fit Mission focused Motivated Calm and steady Having fun Behaving ethically	Mild and transient distress or impairment Always goes away Low risk CAUSES Any stressor FEATURES Feeling irritable, anxious, or down Loss of motivation Loss of focus Difficulty sleeping Muscle tension or other physical changes Not having fun	More severe and persistent distress or impairment Leaves a scar Higher risk CAUSES Life threat Loss Moral injury Wear and tear FEATURES Loss of control Panic, rage, or depression No longer feeling like normal self Excessive guilt,	Clinical mental disorder Unhealed stress injury causing life impairment TYPES PTSD Depression Anxiety Substance abuse FEATURES Symptoms persist and worsen over time Severe distress or social or occupational
Leader Responsibility	Individual, Family Res	shame, or blame Shipmate, ponsibility	Caregiver Responsibility

NON-WORK-RELATED FACTORS

Finances



Family Responsibilities



Negative Coping Strategies





Relationship Conflict



Personal and Family
Health Concerns



The Holmes-Rahe Life Stress Inventory

Check the box next to any event which as occurred in your life in the past year. There is no right or wrong answer. Total the associated points.

		,
Life Events	Life Crisis	Units
Death of a spouse	100	
Divorce	73	
Jail term	65	
Death of a close family	63	
member		
Major injury or illness	53	
Marriage	50	
Fired from work	47	
Marital reconciliation	45	
Retirement from work	45	
Major change of	44	
health/behavior of family		
member		
Pregnancy	40	
Sexual difficulties	39	
Gain a new family member	39	
Major business readjustment	39	
Change in financial state	38	
Death of a close friend	37	
Change line of work	36	
Major change in number of	35	
arguments with spouse		
Taking on a mortgage	31	
Foreclosure on a mortgage or	30	
loan		
Change in responsibilities at	29	
work		
Son/daughter leaving home	29	
In-laws troubles	29	
Outstanding personal	28	
achievement		
Spouse beginning or stopping	26	
work outside of home		

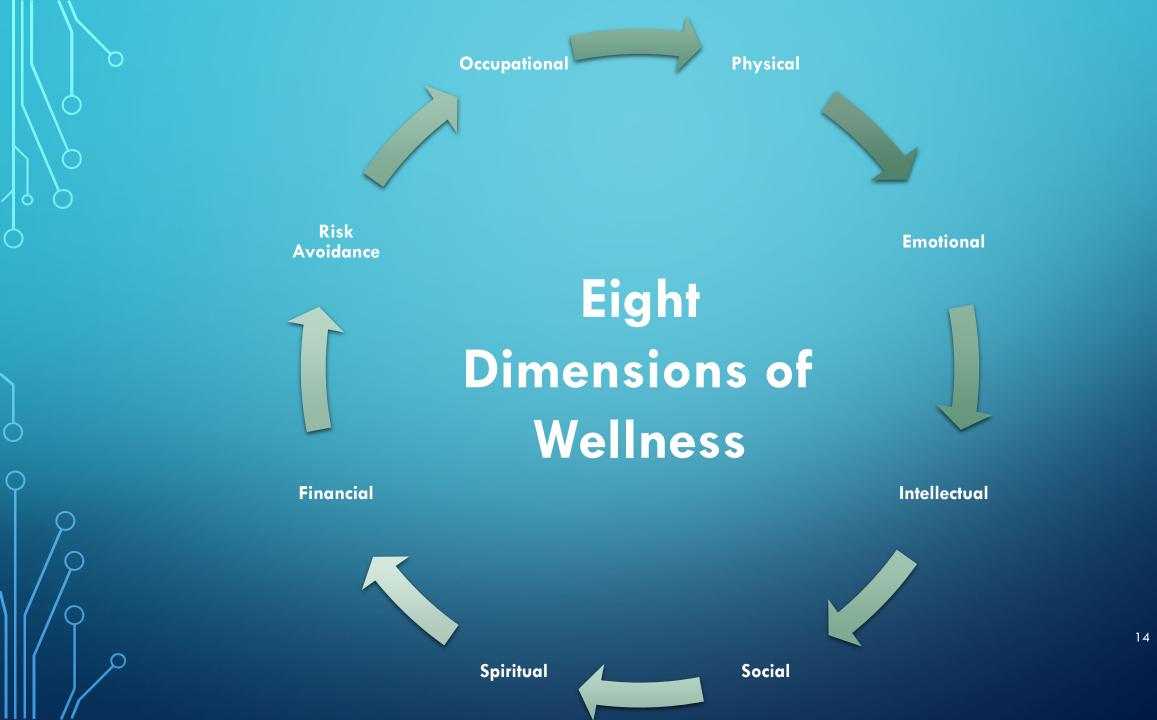
Life Events	Life Crisis Units		
Beginning or	26		
stopping formal			
schooling			
Major change in	25		
living conditions			
Changing personal	24		
habits			
Troubles with	23		
supervisor			
Major change in	20		
work hours or			
conditions			
Change in residence	20		
Changing to a new	20		
school	4.0		
Change in usual or	19		
amount of			
recreation	40		
Change in church	19		
activity	40		
Change in social	18		
activities	12		
Taking on a loan	17		
Change in sleeping	16		
habits (more or less)	4.5		
Change in number	15		
of family get-			
togethers	4.5		
Change in eating	15		
habits	4.0		
Vacation	13		
Major holidays	12		

WHAT DOES YOUR SCORE MEAN?

• 150 points or less | a relatively low amount of life change and a low susceptibility to stress-induced health breakdown

- 150 to 300 points | 50% chance of health breakdown in the next 2 years
- 300 points or more | 80% chance of health breakdown in the next 2 years, according to the Holmes-Rahe statistical prediction model

SELF-CARE AND WELLNESS



BOX BREATHING

DEEP BREATHING

PROGRESSIVE MUSCLE RELAXATION 15

CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS MANAGEMENT (CISM)



G.O. 200-04 (ROLE OF HPD & PSD)

• OIS

•Traumatic Events (i.e., work & home life)

CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS MANAGEMENT (CISM)

• SAFER-R (1:1 outreach)

• CISD

UNIFYING WORK OF PSD & THE PEER SUPPORT UNIT (PSU)

Collaboration between us to assist our officers and civilians in crisis and encourage emotional health and wellness

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

TITLE 9.B. CHAPTER 784:

CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS MANAGEMENT AND CRISIS RESPONSE SERVICES

Section 784.003. CONFIDENTIALITY

- (1) Communication
- (2) Records

THE CISM INTERVENTION CAN HELP REDUCE THE CHANCES OF PTSD IF IT TAKES PLACE DURING THE ACUTE STRESS TIMEFRAME AFTER THE INCIDENT OCCURS

The P.I.E. Military Principle

(Proximity, Immediacy, & Expectancy)

Important Stats:

- 1) 70% 80% of psychiatric casualties in the military returned to duty with the use of P.I.E.
- 2) This strongly supports the effectiveness of using of a CISM process for the military and first responders

QUESTIONS/ANSWERS COMMENTS